

SECTION 1: Identification of th	e substance/mix	ture and of t	he compan	v/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier				<i>,</i> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Mixture identification:				
Trade name:	Ink Cartrid	ge, Magenta	a, 220	T603B
1.2. Relevant identified uses Recommended use:	of the substance or	mixture and us	es advised a	gainst
	for inkjet printing			
1.3. Details of the supplier of Company:		et		
EPS	SON EUROPE B.V.			
	e building, Atlas Are loost The Netherlan	lds	·	BA Amsterdam
	ne number:		0-314-5000	
Competent person resp che	micals@epson-eurc	pe.com		
Date:	07/10/2016	6		
Revision:	1.0			
1.4. Emergency telephone nu		. =		
Phone number:	+31-20-31			
Giftnotruf Berlin;	+48 (0) 3	80 30686 790		
SECTION 2: Hazards identifica	tion			
2.1. Classification of the subs				
EC regulation criteria 1				
	ot classified as dang	aerous accordi	na to Regulat	tion EC 1272/2008
(CLP).		,		
Adverse physicochemi	cal, human health a	nd environmen	tal effects:	
No other hazard	6			
2.2. Label elements				
The product is not clas	sified as dangerous	according to F	Regulation EC	C 1272/2008 (CLP).
Hazard pictograms:				
None				
Hazard statements: None				
Precautionary stateme	nte:			
None	1.5.			
Special Provisions:				
	data sheet available	on request.		
	s 1,2-benzisothiazo		1,2-benzisoth	niazolin-3-one. May
produce an aller				
Special provisions acco	ording to Annex XVI	I of REACH an	id subsequen	t amendments:
None				
2.3. Other hazards				
vPvB Substances: Non	e - PBT Substances	s: None		
Other Hazards: No other hazards				
	5			
SECTION 3: Composition/infor	mation on ingred	lionts		
3.1. Substances	ination on ingree			
No				
3.2. Mixtures				
Hazardous component	s within the meaning	g of the CLP re	gulation and	related classification:
· · · · · ·	·			

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Qty	Name	Ident. Numb	er	Classification
50% ~ 65%	Water	CAS: EC:	7732-18-5 231-791-2	The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).
15% ~ 20%	Glycerol	CAS: EC:	56-81-5 200-289-5	The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).
3% ~ 5%	Triethanol amine	CAS: EC:	102-71-6 203-049-8	The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).
1% ~ 3%	2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)et hoxy]ethanol; TEGBE; triethylene glycol monobutyl ether	number: CAS: EC:	603-183-00-0 143-22-6 205-592-6 01-21194751 07-38	🚸 3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318
< 0.05%	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2 H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3- one	Index number: CAS: EC:	613-088-00-6 2634-33-5 220-120-9	 3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318 3.4.2/1-1A-1B Skin Sens. 1,1A,1B H317 4.1/A1 Aquatic Acute 1 H400

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- 4.1. Description of first aid measures
 - In case of skin contact:
 - Wash with plenty of water and soap.
 - In case of eyes contact:

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not under any circumstances induce vomiting. OBTAIN A MEDICAL EXAMINATION IMMEDIATELY.

- In case of Inhalation:
 - Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.
- 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed None
- 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treatment: None

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- 5.1. Extinguishing media
 - Suitable extinguishing media: Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

- None in particular.
- 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Wear personal protection equipment.
 - Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

- 6.2. Environmental precautions Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.
 - In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists. Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from food, drink and feed. Incompatible materials: None in particular. Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s) None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- 8.1. Control parameters
 - Glycerol CAS: 56-81-5
 - OEL Type: OSHA LTE: 5 mg/m3 Notes: PEL, as mist, respirable fraction

- OEL Type: OSHA - LTE: 15 mg/m3 - Notes: PEL, as mist, total dust

- **DNEL Exposure Limit Values**
 - No data available

PNEC Exposure Limit Values

2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethanol; TEGBE; triethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 143-22-6

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 1.5 mg/l

Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 5.77 mg/kg

Target: Marine water - Value: 0.15 mg/l

Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.13 mg/kg

Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 200 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

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Eye protection: Not needed for normal use. Anyway, operate according good working practices. Protection for skin: No special precaution must be adopted for normal use. Protection for hands: Not needed for normal use. Respiratory protection: Not needed for normal use. Thermal Hazards: None Environmental exposure controls: None Appropriate engineering controls: None

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical prope	erties
Appearance and colour:	Not Relevant
Odour:	Slightly
Odour threshold:	No data available
pH:	8.2 ~ 9.6 at 20 °C
Melting point / freezing point:	-25.3 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	No data available
Solid/gas flammability:	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	No data available
Vapour density:	No data available
Flash point:	> 120 °C / 248 ° F
Evaporation rate:	No data available
Vapour pressure:	No data available
Relative density:	No data available
Solubility in water:	Complete
Solubility in oil:	No data available
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature:	No data available
Decomposition temperature:	No data available
Viscosity:	< 5 mPa·s at 20 °C
Explosive properties:	No data available
Oxidizing properties:	No data available
9.2. Other information	
Miscibility:	No data available
Fat Solubility:	No data available
Conductivity:	No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1. Reactivity
- Stable under normal conditions 10.2. Chemical stability
- Stable under normal conditions
- 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions None
- 10.4. Conditions to avoid Stable under normal conditions.
- 10.5. Incompatible materials None in particular.

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10.6. Hazardous decomposition products None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- 11.1. Information on toxicological effects
 - Toxicological information of the mixture:

No data available

Toxicological information of the main substances found in the mixture:

Glycerol - CAS: 56-81-5

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Guinea pig = 7750 mg/kg - Source: Journal of Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology. Vol. 23, Pg. 259, 1941 Test: LDLo - Route: Oral - Species: Human = 1428 mg/kg - Source: "Toxicology of Drugs and Chemicals," Deichmann, W.B., New York, Academic Press, Inc., 1969Vol. -, Pg. 288, 1969. - Notes: BEHAVIORAL: HEADACHE GASTROINTESTINAL: NAUSEA OR VOMITING

Triethanol amine - CAS: 102-71-6

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Guinea pig = 2200 mg/kg - Source: "Toxicometric Parameters of Industrial Toxic Chemicals Under Single Exposure," Izmerov, N.F., et al., Moscow, Centre of International Projects, GKNT, 1982Vol. -, Pg. 114, 1982.

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Mouse = 5846 mg/kg - Source: Science Reports of the Research Institutes, Tohoku University, Series C: Medicine. Vol. 36(1-4), Pg. 10, 1989. - Notes: GASTROINTESTINAL: "HYPERMOTILITY, DIARRHEA" KIDNEY, URETER, AND BLADDER: OTHER CHANGES BEHAVIORAL: CONVULSIONS OR EFFECT ON SEIZURE THRESHOLD

2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethanol; TEGBE; triethylene glycol monobutyl ether - CAS: 143-22-6

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Dermal - Species: Rabbit = 3.54 ml/kg - Source: American Industrial Hygiene Association Journal. Vol. 23, Pg. 95, 1962. Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 5300 mg/kg - Source: Office of Toxic

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 5300 mg/kg - Source: Office of Toxic Substances Report. Vol. OTS,

If not differently specified, the information required in Regulation (EU) 2015/830 listed below must be considered as 'No data available':

- a) acute toxicity;
- b) skin corrosion/irritation;
- c) serious eye damage/irritation;
- d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;
- e) germ cell mutagenicity;
- f) carcinogenicity;
- g) reproductive toxicity;
- h) STOT-single exposure;
- i) STOT-repeated exposure;
- j) aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

- 12.1. Toxicity
 - Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. No data available
- 12.2. Persistence and degradability No data available

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- 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential
 - No data available
- 12.4. Mobility in soil No data available
- 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment vPvB Substances; None - PBT Substances; None
- 12.6. Other adverse effects None

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- 13.1. Waste treatment methods
 - Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

SECTION 14: Transport information

- 14.1. UN number
 - Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.
- 14.2. UN proper shipping name No data available
- 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) No data available
- 14.4. Packing group No data available
- 14.5. Environmental hazards No data available
- 14.6. Special precautions for user
 - No data available
- 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code No data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work) Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values) Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH) Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP) Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013 Regulation (EU) 2015/830 Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP) Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications: Restrictions related to the product: No restriction. Restrictions related to the substances contained: No restriction. Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions : Directive 2003/105/CE ('Activities linked to risks of serious accidents') and subsequent amendments.

- Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents).
- 1999/13/EC (VOC directive)



Provisions related to directives 82/501/EC(Seveso), 96/82/EC(Seveso II):

No data available

15.2. Chemical safety assessment No

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of phrases referred to in Section 3:

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Hazard class and hazard category	Code	Description
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Oral	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Skin Irrit. 2	3.2/2	Skin irritation, Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	3.3/1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
Skin Sens. 1,1A,1B	3.4.2/1-1A-1B	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1,1A,1B
Aquatic Acute 1	4.1/A1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1

This safety data sheet has been completely updated in compliance to Regulation 2015/830. This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training. Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

CCNL - Appendix 1

Insert further consulted bibliography

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality. It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This Safety Data Sheet cancels and replaces any preceding release.

ADR:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
CAS:	Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).
CLP:	Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
DNEL:	Derived No Effect Level.
EINECS:	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
GefStoffVO:	Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS:	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IATA:	International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
ICAO:	International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI:	Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.



INCI: KSt: LC50:	International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients. Explosion coefficient. Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50: LTE:	Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
PNEC:	Long-term exposure. Predicted No Effect Concentration.
RID:	
RID.	Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STE:	Short-term exposure.
STEL:	Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT:	Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV:	Threshold Limiting Value.
TWATLV:	Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
WGK:	German Water Hazard Class.